

Stop TB Brazil: the role of partnerships in responding to the social determinants approach of the post 2015 TB strategy



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Health Surveillance Secretariat
Ministry of Health
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Background



- In 2003, tuberculosis become a government priority
- In 2004 Stop TB Brazil was established: WHO guidelines
 - Platform that gathers government at federal, state and municipal levels, civil society, NGOs, religious organizations, cooperation institutions, research institutions and academia and private sector

The Global Fund Project TB Brazil



- In 2005 the Global Fund Project TB Brazil was approved
- US\$ 27 million to execute from 2007 to 2012
- The establishment of the Metropolitan Committees to follow up the execution of project
- NTP establishes an ACSM area to articulate with civil society leaders and the social movement
- Civil Society empowerment and engaged in the Partnership's role

The movement's consolidation



2009: It was held a national seminary to discuss TB gathering all federal units' representatives from different sectors: government, parliamentarians, researchers, public managers and social activists.

TB and the National Health Council:

- Recommendation nº003
- Recommendation nº004
- Resolution nº444

Recommendation nº003



It is recommended that the Ministry of Health:
Articulates with the other areas from the Federal Government, with the participation and support of social movements, National Congress and intra and intersectorial institutions, the creation and maintenance of social benefits for people affected by TB, in order to reinforce treatment adherence and to decrease default rates

Recommendation nº004



To Public Policy Councils and HIV/AIDS Parliamentary Fronts, it is recommended that:
In municipality, state and national levels TB shall be incorporated in the agenda as a priority

Resolution nº444



10. Develop actions and strategies that consider the needs from the poor communities, black population, people living on the streets, inmate population, indigenous communities and people living with HIV/AIDS in order to improve TB control actions towards these populations

11. Build a Intersectorial Committee with the participation of civil society, to pursue the development of joint actions to face social determinants of TB, specially those who have direct relation with poverty and difficulty to access public services

The Parliamentary Front to Fight TB



Established in May 8, 2012 with 217 parliamentarians' signatures

- Amendment to the Budget Guidelines Law which allowed more flexibility for community-based organizations to access public resources
- Development of a Sub-commission aiming to analyze and diagnose the government efforts managing poverty related diseases

The Subcommittee of Poverty Related Diseases



- Public hearing to listen to civil society
- Letter from researchers and academia
- Public hearing to diagnoses government institutions' efforts to fight TB and other poverty related diseases

Civil Society Public Hearing



Meeting with Researchers



Public Hearing: Government



Subcommittee of Poverty Related Diseases Results



Recommendations final report

- Social support and inclusion in cash transfer programmes
- Proposals on social protection and human rights
- Articulation among Unified Health System (SUS) and the Unified Social Assistance System (SUAS)
- Intersectorialism: Ministry of Health and Ministry of Social Development as partners in action

Subcommittee of Poverty Related Diseases Results



Recommendations final report

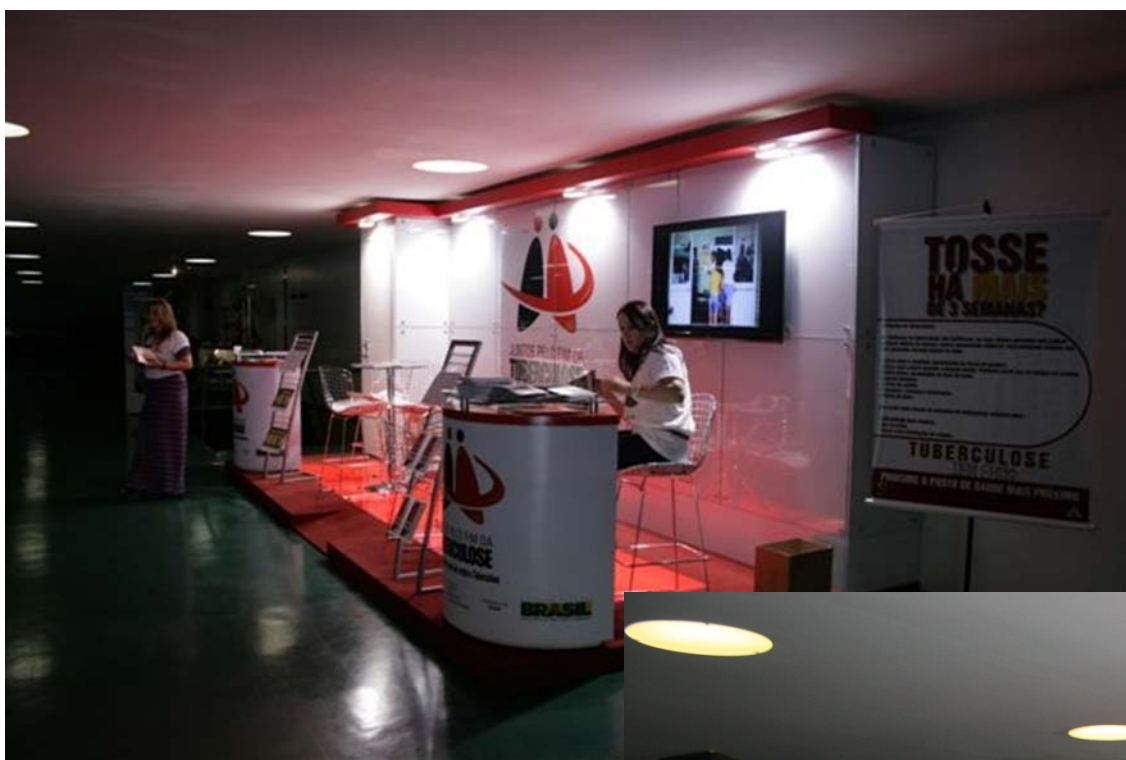
- Consider social determinant aspects in the population more often affected by TB: poor areas, infrastructure, difficult to access public services – promote prevention
- Partnership with community restaurants, food bank or other food security strategy and free public transportation
- Specific actions towards vulnerable populations: homeless, indigenous populations

Subcommittee of Poverty Related Diseases Results



Recommendations final report

- Reinforce financing tools for civil society organizations
- Ensure the continuity of the Metropolitan Committees
- Ensure implementation of Resolution 444 from the National Health Council
- Joint efforts at federal, state and municipal levels





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Thank you!

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